### SECTION 079200 JOINT SEALANTS

#### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Nonsag gunnable joint sealants.
- B. Self-leveling pourable joint sealants.
- C. Joint backings and accessories.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 072400 Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems: Sealing joints between EIFS and adjacent construction and penetrations through EIFS.
- B. Section 072500 Vapor Barriers: Sealants required in conjunction with vapor retarders.
- C. Section {\id\#1000057} {\t\#1000057}: Sealants required in conjunction with air barriers and vapor retarders.
- D. Section 072600 Spray Applied Air and Vapor Barrier: Sealants required in conjunction with air barriers and vapor retarders.
- E. Section 072700 Spray Applied Air and Water Barrier: Sealants required in conjunction with air barriers and vapor retarders.

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C661 Standard Test Method for Indentation Hardness of Elastomeric-Type Sealants by Means of a Durometer; 2015 (Reapproved 2022).
- B. ASTM C794 Standard Test Method for Adhesion-in-Peel of Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018 (Reapproved 2022).
- C. ASTM C834 Standard Specification for Latex Sealants; 2017 (Reapproved 2023).
- D. ASTM C919 Standard Practice for Use of Sealants in Acoustical Applications; 2022.
- E. ASTM C920 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018.
- F. ASTM C1087 Standard Test Method for Determining Compatibility of Liquid-Applied Sealants with Accessories Used in Structural Glazing Systems; 2023.
- G. ASTM C1193 Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants; 2016 (Reapproved 2023).
- H. ASTM C1248 Standard Test Method for Staining of Porous Substrate by Joint Sealants; 2022.
- I. ASTM C1311 Standard Specification for Solvent Release Sealants; 2022.
- J. ASTM D2240 Standard Test Method for Rubber Property--Durometer Hardness; 2015 (Reapproved 2021).

### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data for Sealants: Submit manufacturer's technical data sheets for each product to be used, that includes the following.
  - 1. Physical characteristics, including movement capability, VOC content, hardness, cure time, and color availability.
  - 2. List of backing materials approved for use with the specific product.
  - 3. Substrates that product is known to satisfactorily adhere to and with which it is compatible.
  - 4. Substrates the product should not be used on.
  - 5. Certification by manufacturer indicating that product complies with specification requirements.
- C. Samples for Verification: Where custom sealant color is specified, obtain directions from Architect and submit at least two physical samples for verification of color of each required sealant.

D. Preconstruction Laboratory Test Reports: Submit at least four weeks prior to start of installation.

#### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Maintain one copy of each referenced document covering installation requirements on site.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section and with at least three years ofdocumented experienceand approved by manufacturer.
- D. Preconstruction Laboratory Testing: Arrange for sealant manufacturer(s) to test each combination of sealant, substrate, backing, and accessories.
  - 1. Adhesion Testing: In accordance with ASTM C794.
  - 2. Compatibility Testing: In accordance with ASTM C1087.
  - 3. Allow sufficient time for testing to avoid delaying the work.
  - 4. Deliver to manufacturer sufficient samples for testing.
  - 5. Report manufacturer's recommended corrective measures, if any, including primers or techniques not indicated in product data submittals.
  - 6. Testing is not required if sealant manufacturer provides data showing previous testing, not older than 24 months, that shows satisfactory adhesion, lack of staining, and compatibility.

### 1.06 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Project Closeout, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Correct defective work within a five year period after Date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Warranty: Include coverage for installed sealants and accessories that fail to achieve watertight seal, exhibit loss of adhesion or cohesion, or do not cure.

### **PART 2 PRODUCTS**

# 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Non-Sag Sealants: Permits application in joints on vertical surfaces without sagging or slumping.
  - 1. BASF Construction Chemicals-Building Systems: www.buildingsystems.basf.com.
  - 2. Bostik Inc: www.bostik-us.com.
  - 3. Dow Corning Corporation: www.dowcorning.com/construction/#sle.
  - 4. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com/#sle.
  - 5. Momentive Performance Materials, Inc (formerly GE Silicones): www.momentive.com.
  - 6. Pecora Corporation: www.pecora.com.
  - 7. Sherwin-Williams Company: www.sherwin-williams.com.
  - 8. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
  - 9. W.R. Meadows, Inc: www.wrmeadows.com.
  - 10. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Self-Leveling Sealants: Pourable or self-leveling sealant that has sufficient flow to form a smooth, level surface when applied in a horizontal joint.
  - 1. BASF Construction Chemicals-Building Systems: www.buildingsystems.basf.com.
  - 2. Bostik Inc: www.bostik-us.com.
  - 3. Dow Corning Corporation: www.dowcorning.com/construction/#sle.
  - 4. Pecora Corporation: www.pecora.com.
  - 5. Sherwin-Williams Company: www.sherwin-williams.com/#sle.
  - 6. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
  - 7. W.R. Meadows. Inc: www.wrmeadows.com.
  - 8. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### 2.02 JOINT SEALANT APPLICATIONS

A. Scope:

- 1. Exterior Joints: Seal open joints, whether or not the joint is indicated on drawings, unless specifically indicated not to be sealed. Exterior joints to be sealed include, but are not limited to, the following items.
  - a. Wall expansion and control joints.
  - b. Joints between door, window, and other frames and adjacent construction.
  - c. Joints between different exposed materials.
  - d. Openings below ledge angles in masonry.
  - e. Other joints indicated below.
- 2. Interior Joints: Do not seal interior joints unless specifically indicated to be sealed. Interior joints to be sealed include, but are not limited to, the following items.
  - a. Joints between door, window, and other frames and adjacent construction.
  - b. Other joints indicated below.
- 3. Do not seal the following types of joints.
  - a. Intentional weepholes in masonry.
  - b. Joints indicated to be treated with manufactured expansion joint cover or some other type of sealing device.
  - Joints where sealant is specified to be provided by manufacturer of product to be sealed.
  - d. Joints where installation of sealant is specified in another section.
  - e. Joints between suspended panel ceilings/grid and walls.
- B. Exterior Joints: Use non-sag non-staining silicone sealant, unless otherwise indicated.
  - Lap Joints in Sheet Metal Fabrications: Butyl rubber, non-curing.
  - 2. Lap Joints between Manufactured Metal Panels: Butyl rubber, non-curing.
- C. Interior Joints: Use non-sag polyurethane sealant, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Wall and Ceiling Joints in Non-Wet Areas: Acrylic emulsion latex Acrylic emulsion latex sealant.
  - 2. Floor Joints in Wet Areas: Non-sag polyurethane "non-traffic-grade" sealant suitable for continuous liquid immersion.
  - 3. Joints between Fixtures in Wet Areas and Floors, Walls, and Ceilings: Mildew-resistant silicone sealant; white white.
  - 4. In Sound-Rated Assemblies: Acrylic emulsion latex Acrylic emulsion latex sealant.
  - 5. Narrow Control Joints in Interior Concrete Slabs: Self-leveling epoxy epoxy sealant.
  - 6. Other Floor Joints: Self-leveling polyurethane "traffic-grade" sealant.
- D. Interior Wet Areas: Bathrooms, restrooms, kitchens, food service areas, and food processing areas; fixtures in wet areas include plumbing fixtures, food service equipment, countertops, cabinets, and other similar items.
- E. Sound-Rated Assemblies: Walls and ceilings identified as "STC-rated", "sound-rated", or "acoustical".

# 2.03 JOINT SEALANTS - GENERAL

A. Colors: As indicated on drawings or as selected from manufacturer's standard colors by Architect.

# 2.04 NONSAG JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Non-Staining Silicone Sealant: ASTM C920, Grade NS, Uses M and A; not expected to withstand continuous water immersion or traffic.
  - 1. Movement Capability: Plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent, minimum.
  - 2. Non-Staining To Porous Stone: Non-staining to light-colored natural stone when tested in accordance with ASTM C1248.
  - 3. Dirt Pick-Up: Reduced dirt pick-up compared to other silicone sealants.
  - 4. Hardness Range: 15 18, Shore A, when tested in accordance with ASTM C661.
  - 5. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.
  - 6. Cure Type: Multi-component, chemically curing.
  - 7. Manufacturers:

- a. Pecora Corporation: www.pecora.com.
- b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Mildew-Resistant Silicone Sealant: ASTM C920, Grade NS, Uses M and A; single component, mildew resistant; not expected to withstand continuous water immersion or traffic.
  - 1. Color: White.
  - 2. Manufacturers:
    - a. Pecora Corporation: www.pecora.com.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Acrylic Emulsion Latex: Water-based; ASTM C834, single component, non-staining, non-bleeding, non-sagging; not intended for exterior use.
  - 1. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.
  - 2. Manufacturers:
    - a. Pecora Corporation: www.pecora.com.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Non-Curing Butyl Sealant: Solvent-based, single component, non-sag, non-skinning, non-hardening, non-bleeding; non-vapor-permeable; intended for fully concealed applications.
  - Manufacturers:
    - Pecora Corporation; Pecora BA-98 Non-Skinning Butyl Sealant: www.pecora.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### 2.05 SELF-LEVELING SEALANTS

- A. Semi-Rigid Self-Leveling Epoxy Joint Filler: Epoxy or epoxy/polyurethane copolymer; intended for filling cracks and control joints not subject to significant movement; rigid enough to support concrete edges under traffic.
  - 1. Composition: Multi-component, 100 percent solids by weight.
  - 2. Durometer Hardness: Minimum of 85 for Type A or 35 for Type D, after seven days when tested in accordance with ASTM D2240.
  - 3. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.
  - 4. Joint Width, Minimum: 1/8 inch.
  - 5. Joint Width, Maximum: 1/4 inch.
  - Joint Depth: Provide product suitable for joints from 1/8 inch to 2 inches in depth including space for backer rod.
  - 7. Manufacturers:
    - a. W.R. Meadows, Inc; Rezi-Weld Flex: www.wrmeadows.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### 2.06 ACCESSORIES

- A. Backer Rod: Cylindrical cellular foam rod with surface that sealant will not adhere to, compatible with specific sealant used, and recommended by backing and sealant manufacturers for specific application.
- B. Backing Tape: Self-adhesive polyethylene tape with surface that sealant will not adhere to and recommended by tape and sealant manufacturers for specific application.
- C. Joint Cleaner: Non-corrosive and non-staining type, type recommended by sealant manufacturer; compatible with joint forming materials.
- D. Primers: Type recommended by sealant manufacturer to suit application; non-staining.

### **PART 3 EXECUTION**

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that joints are ready to receive work.
- B. Verify that backing materials are compatible with sealants.
- C. Verify that backer rods are of the correct size.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

- Remove loose materials and foreign matter that could impair adhesion of sealant.
- B. Clean joints, and prime as necessary, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Perform preparation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and ASTM C1193.
- D. Mask elements and surfaces adjacent to joints from damage and disfigurement due to sealant work; be aware that sealant drips and smears may not be completely removable.

# 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Perform work in accordance with sealant manufacturer's requirements for preparation of surfaces and material installation instructions.
- B. Perform installation in accordance with ASTM C1193.
- C. Perform acoustical sealant application work in accordance with ASTM C919.
- D. Measure joint dimensions and size joint backers to achieve width-to-depth ratio, neck dimension, and surface bond area as recommended by manufacturer, except where specific dimensions are indicated.
- E. Install bond breaker backing tape where backer rod cannot be used.
- F. Install sealant free of air pockets, foreign embedded matter, ridges, and sags, and without getting sealant on adjacent surfaces.
- G. Do not install sealant when ambient temperature is outside manufacturer's recommended temperature range, or will be outside that range during the entire curing period, unless manufacturer's approval is obtained and instructions are followed.
- H. Nonsag Sealants: Tool surface concave, unless otherwise indicated; remove masking tape immediately after tooling sealant surface.
- I. Concrete Floor Joint Filler: After full cure, shave joint filler flush with top of concrete slab.

# **END OF SECTION**